

Boston Street Complete Streets Study

Salem, MA

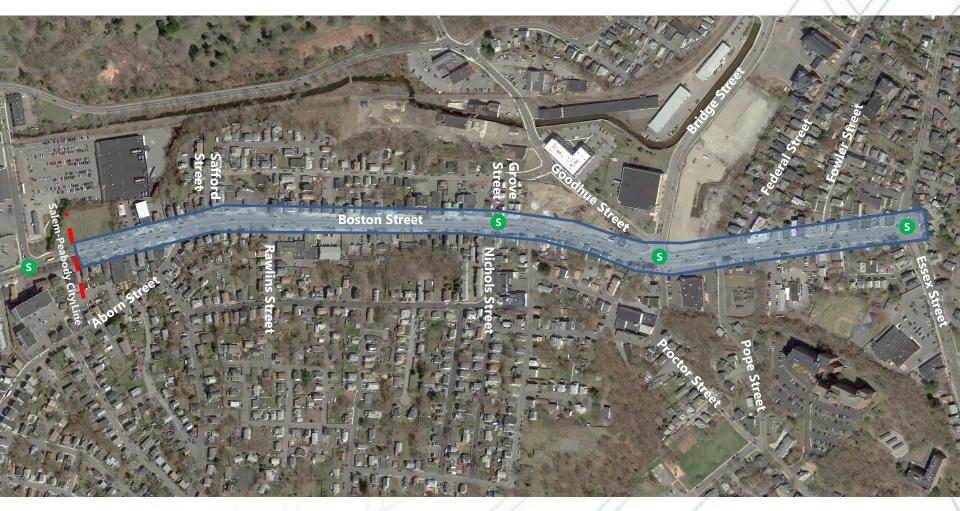
Presented by VHB

October 2, 2017

Overview

- Study Area
- Study Objective
- Data Collection
- Existing Conditions
- Previous Corridor Studies
- Potential Improvements
- TIP/PNF Process

Study Area



Study Objective

- Review existing conditions including
 - Traffic volumes throughout the corridor
 - Pedestrian and bicycle accommodations
 - Safety of vehicles, pedestrians, and bicyclists
 - Driveway access
 - Location of bus stops
 - Lighting
 - Greenspace
- Provide potential recommended improvement options
 - Alternatives based on "Complete Streets" concept
 - Incorporate public feedback

Data Collection



Data collection conducted on Tuesday, September 20th and Wednesday, September 21st, 2016



Existing Conditions – Traffic Volumes

- Boston Street
 - Average Daily Traffic: 17,500 22,300 vehicles per day
 - Weekday Morning Peak Hour
 - 1,200 1,500 vehicles per hour
 - 55% 60% traffic traveling EB
 - Weekday Evening Peak Hour
 - 1,250 1,500 vehicles per hour
 - Near 50/50% split between EB and WB

Existing Conditions – Bike/Ped Data



- Bicycle Data on Boston Street
 - Up to 2 bicycles per direction recorded in AM peak hour
 - Up to 4 bicycles per direction recorded in PM peak hour

X (X)

AM (PM) Pedestrian Volumes



Mid-Block Crossing Pedestrian Volumes

Signalized Crossing Pedestrian Volumes

Existing Conditions – Crash Data





Number of Crashes during five year period (2011-2015)



Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP) Eligible

Existing Conditions – Signalized Level of Service



Existing Conditions – Deficiencies



Previous Corridor Studies

- Route 107Corridor Study
 - Includes concept
 for Boston Street
 at Essex Street

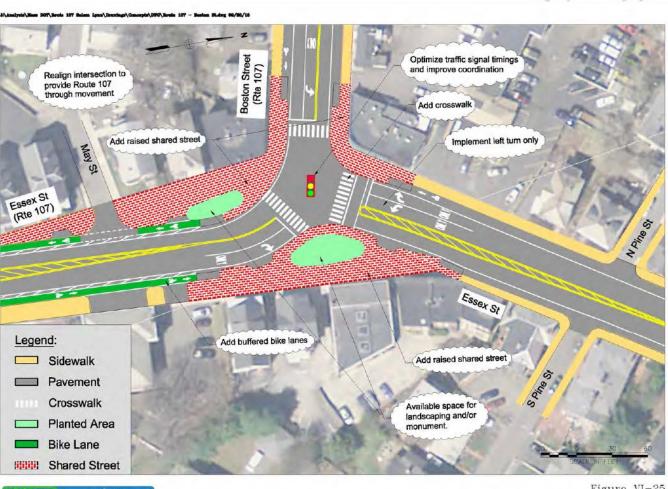




Figure VI-25
Essex Street (Route 107) at Boston Street
Route 107 Corridor Study
Lynn/Salem, MA

Source: Route 107 Corridor Study, MassDOT and McMahon Associates, November 2016

Potential Improvements

- Improved Pedestrian Accommodations
 - Level sidewalks throughout
 - ADA Ramps at all crosswalk landings
 - Efficient spacing of mid-block crossings
- Connect to Main Street accommodations in Peabody
- Improved Bicycle Accommodations
 - Several potential treatments
 - On-road buffered bike lanes
 - Separated bike lanes
 - Parking separated bike lanes
- Maintain Vehicular Operations



Sidewalk on Main Street in Peabody, west of Salem/Peabody city line



Source: MassDOT Separated Bike Lane Planning & Design Guide

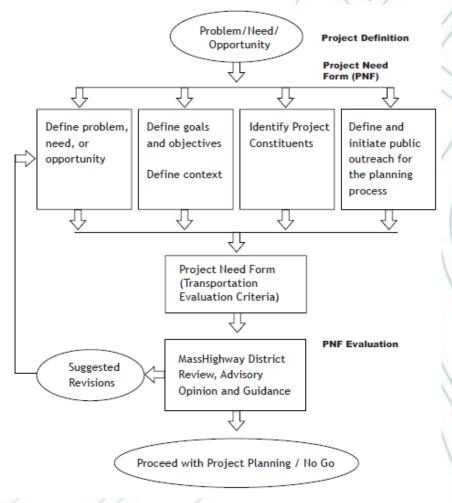
MassDOT Project Need Form (PNF) Process

Overview of Project Development

Source: MassDOT

PROCESS OUTCOMES STEP I Problem/Need/Opportunity 1. Project Need Form (PNF) Identification 2. Project Planning Report STEP II Planning (If necessary) 3. Project Initiation Form (PIF) Project Initiation STEP III 3. Identification of Appropriate Funding 3. Definition of Appropriate Next Steps 3. Project Review Committee Action 4. Plans, Specs and Estimates (PS&E) Environmental/Design/ROW Process 4. Environmental Studies and Permits 4. Right-of-Way Plans 4. Permits 5. Regional and State TIP STEP V Programming 5. Programming of Funds 6. Construction Bids and Contractor STEP VI Procurement Selection 7. Built Project STEP VII Construction STEP VIII Project Assessment

Step I: Problem/Need/Opportunity Identification



Source: MassDOT

MAPC Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)

- The TIP is the rolling, five-year capital funding document that outlines all the chosen and potential transportation infrastructure projects eligible for funding in the region
- Cities and towns in Eastern MA submit potential transportation infrastructure projects to the Boston Region Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) for potential funding
- The MPO must evaluate each project and prioritize which projects are added to the TIP to receive federal and state roadway funding

